

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/21

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)

May/June 2019

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of **16** printed pages.



[Turn over

IB19 06_0654_21/3RP © UCLES 2019 1 Which characteristic of living organisms is correctly matched to the description?

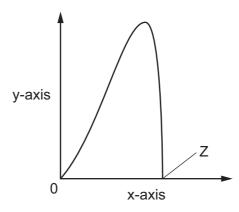
	characteristic	description
Α	excretion	the removal from organisms of the waste products of metabolism
В	nutrition	the chemical reactions in cells that break down nutrient molecules and release energy for metabolism
С	respiration	the taking in of materials for energy, growth and development
D	sensitivity	the action by an organism or part of an organism causing a change of position or place

2 Which row correctly describes the diffusion of molecules from P to Q?

	Р	Q	movement
Α	higher concentration	lower concentration	down a concentration gradient
В	higher concentration	lower concentration	up a concentration gradient
С	lower concentration	higher concentration	down a concentration gradient
D	lower concentration	higher concentration	up a concentration gradient

- 3 Which chemical element is found in proteins, but **not** in carbohydrates or fats?
 - A carbon
 - **B** hydrogen
 - **C** oxygen
 - **D** nitrogen

4 An investigation was carried out to see the effect of temperature on how quickly the enzyme amylase breaks down starch to sugar.



Which labels should be used for the axes and what has happened at point Z?

	x-axis	y-axis	what has happened at Z
A	rate of breakdown of starch	temperature	enzyme is denatured
В	temperature	time taken to break down starch	enzyme is used up
С	temperature	rate of break down of starch	enzyme is denatured
D	time taken to break down starch	temperature	enzyme is used up

5 A farmer noticed that the older leaves of his maize plant were becoming yellow between the veins.

What is the plant lacking?

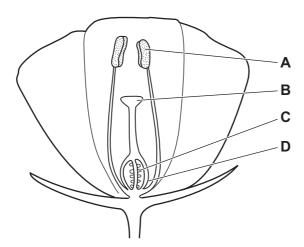
- A carbon dioxide
- B magnesium ions
- **C** sunlight
- **D** water
- 6 Which disease is caused by a diet that is low in protein?
 - A coronary heart disease
 - **B** kwashiorkor
 - C rickets
 - **D** scurvy

- 7 Which component is needed for blood to clot?
 - A hormones
 - **B** platelets
 - C red blood cells
 - **D** white blood cells
- **8** During vigorous exercise there is an increase in the rate of breathing.

What causes the increase in the rate of breathing?

- A a decrease in the adrenaline concentration in the blood
- B a decrease in the lactic acid concentration in the blood
- **C** an increase in the alcohol concentration in the blood
- **D** an increase in the carbon dioxide concentration in the blood
- **9** What occurs when our eyes look from a near object in dim light to a distant object in bright light?
 - **A** Pupils constrict and lenses become thinner.
 - **B** Pupils constrict and lenses become fatter.
 - **C** Pupils dilate and lenses become thinner.
 - **D** Pupils dilate and lenses become fatter.
- **10** The diagram shows a section through an insect-pollinated flower.

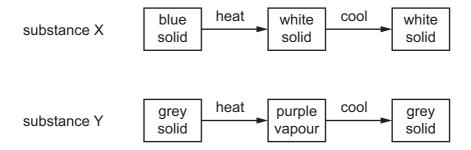
When pollination occurs, where must the pollen grains reach?



11 Which row about human cells is correct?

	name of cell	type of nucleus	number of chromosomes
Α	body cell	diploid	23
В	body cell	haploid	46
С	gamete	diploid	46
D	gamete	haploid	23

- 12 In a food chain, what do all living organisms get from their food?
 - A a supply of water
 - B oxygen for respiration
 - **C** protection from disease
 - D the energy they need
- 13 What decreases as a result of eutrophication?
 - A aerobic respiration by decomposers
 - B decomposition of dead producers
 - C dissolved oxygen in the water
 - **D** growth of producers
- **14** Two substances, X and Y, are heated and then cooled. The observations are shown.



Which type of change occurs when X and Y are heated?

	Х	Y
Α	chemical	chemical
В	chemical	physical
С	physical	chemical
D	physical	physical

- **15** Why do isotopes of the same element have the same chemical properties?
 - **A** They have a different number of protons and a different number of outer shell electrons.
 - **B** They have a different number of protons and the same number of outer shell electrons.
 - **C** They have the same number of protons and a different number of outer shell electrons.
 - **D** They have the same number of protons and the same number of outer shell electrons.
- **16** Diamond and graphite are different forms of the element carbon.

Graphite conducts electricity.

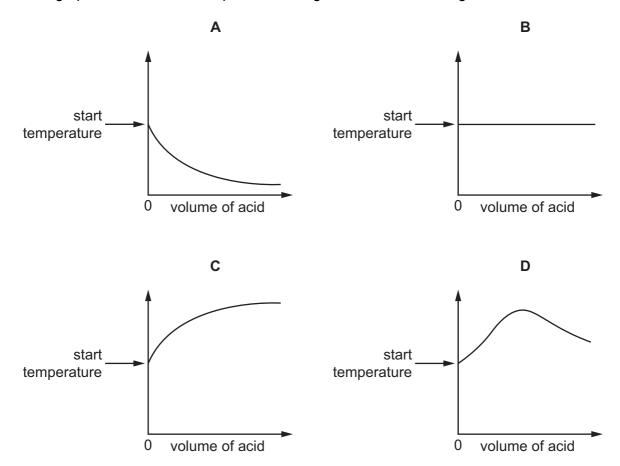
Which statement explains why diamond does not conduct electricity?

- **A** All of the atoms in diamond are arranged tetrahedrally.
- **B** All of the bond lengths in diamond are the same.
- **C** All of the bonds in diamond are single bonds.
- **D** All of the outer shell electrons in diamond are held in covalent bonds.
- 17 What is the electrolyte that is used when a nickel spoon is electroplated with copper?
 - A copper
 - B copper sulfate solution
 - C nickel sulfate solution
 - **D** nickel

18 An acid is added to an alkali until the final solution is **just** neutral.

The reaction is exothermic.

Which graph shows how the temperature changes as the acid is being added to the alkali?



19 Some properties of four oxides, W, X, Y and Z, are shown.

property	W	X	Y	Z
reaction with acids	yes	no	no	yes
reaction with alkalis	no	yes	no	yes

Which row classifies these oxides?

	W	Х	Y	Z
Α	acidic	basic	neutral	amphoteric
В	acidic	basic	amphoteric	neutral
С	basic	acidic	amphoteric	neutral
D	basic	acidic	neutral	amphoteric

20 Hydrochloric acid and sodium hydroxide neutralise each other to form water and sodium chloride.

Which method is used to make the solution crystallise?

- **A** chromatography
- **B** evaporation
- **C** filtration
- D fractional distillation
- 21 Which statement about elements in the Periodic Table is correct?
 - A Elements are arranged in mass number order.
 - **B** The group number of an element is the same as the number of outer shell electrons.
 - **C** The reactivity of elements in both Group I and Group VII increases down the group.
 - **D** There is a change from non-metallic to metallic character from left to right across each period.
- 22 Samples of four different metals, L, M, N and O, are added to solutions of the metal chlorides.

The table shows which metals react with the metal chlorides.

	L chloride	M chloride	N chloride	O chloride	
L		X	X	X	key
М	✓		X	✓	√ = reaction
N	✓	✓		✓	x = no reaction
0	✓	X	X		

What is the order of reactivity?

	most reactive			least eactive
Α	L	М	0	N
В	L	0	М	N
С	N	М	0	L
D	N	0	М	L

23	Some	properties	of a	luminium	are	listed.
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- 1 conducts electricity
- 2 malleable
- 3 resistant to corrosion

Which properties make aluminium suitable for use as food containers?

A 1, 2 and 3

B 1 and 2 only

1 and 3 only С

D 2 and 3 only

24 Which processes lead to the formation of a greenhouse gas?

- reaction of sodium with water
- 2 respiration
- combustion of fossil fuels 3

1 and 2 only

B 1 and 3 only

С 2 and 3 only **D** 1, 2 and 3

25 Sulfuric acid is manufactured by the Contact process.

Four reactions occur in this process.

Which reaction requires a catalyst?

$$A \quad S + O_2 \rightarrow SO_2$$

$$\mathbf{B} \quad 2SO_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2SO_3$$

$$\mathbf{C} \quad \mathsf{H}_2\mathsf{SO}_4 \,\, + \,\, \mathsf{SO}_3 \,\, \rightarrow \,\, \mathsf{H}_2\mathsf{S}_2\mathsf{O}_7$$

$$\textbf{D} \quad \text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_7 \ + \ \text{H}_2\text{O} \ \rightarrow \ 2\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$$

26 Three reactions are listed.

- the addition of hydrogen to ethene 1
- 2 the addition of steam to ethene
- the cracking of long chain alkanes

Which reactions produce molecules of a different homologous series from the reactant molecules?

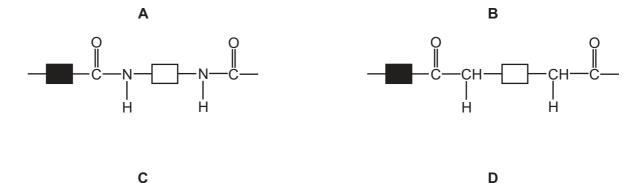
A 1 and 2 only

B 1 and 3 only

C 2 and 3 only

D 1, 2 and 3

27 Which diagram represents part of the structure of nylon?



28 A spring that obeys Hooke's law has an unstretched length of 5.0 cm. A load of weight 0.50 N is hung from the spring and the length of the spring becomes 10.0 cm.

The load is replaced with a new load and the length of the spring becomes 15.0 cm.

The spring has not passed its limit of proportionality.

What is the weight of the new load?

A 0.50 N

B 0.75 N

C 1.0 N

D 1.5 N

29 An object X with mass 2.0 kg is moving with a speed of 4.0 m/s.

Which object has kinetic energy equal to that of object X?

	mass of object/kg	speed of object m/s
Α	0.50	16
В	1.0	8.0
С	8.0	2.0
D	16	1.0

30 What are the units of work and power?

	work	power
Α	joule	joule
В	joule	watt
С	watt	joule
D	watt	watt

31 When evaporation occurs, molecules escape from the surface of a liquid.

Which molecules escape, and what happens to the average speed of the molecules remaining in the liquid?

	escaping molecules	average speed of remaining molecules
Α	less energetic	decreases
В	less energetic	increases
С	more energetic	decreases
D	more energetic	increases

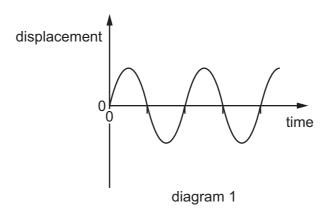
32 Two identical metal containers are painted. One is painted dull black and the other is painted shiny silver. They contain equal volumes of water and are placed outside on a sunny day.

The temperature of the water in the black container increases more quickly than the temperature of the water in the silver container.

Why does this happen?

- **A** The black container is the better absorber of radiation from the Sun.
- **B** The black container is the better conductor of heat.
- **C** The black container is the better emitter of radiation.
- **D** The black container is the better reflector of radiation from the Sun.

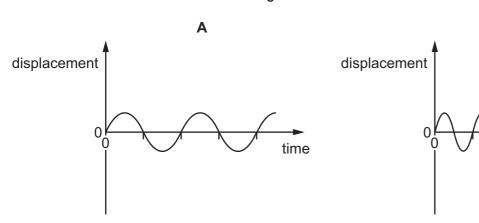
33 Diagram 1 represents a wave.

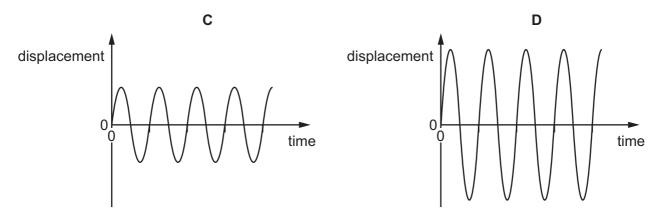


Which diagram represents a wave with twice the frequency and half the amplitude of the wave in diagram 1?

В

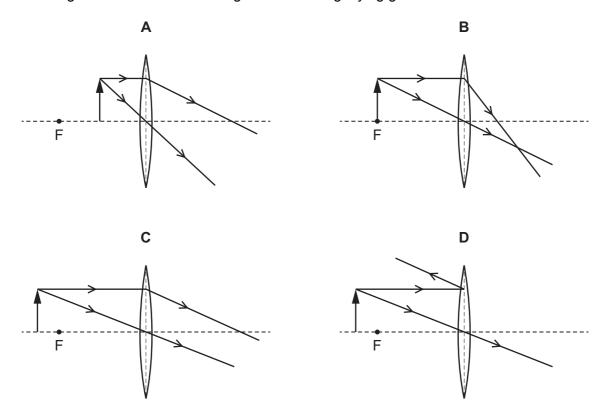
The scales are the same in all the diagrams.



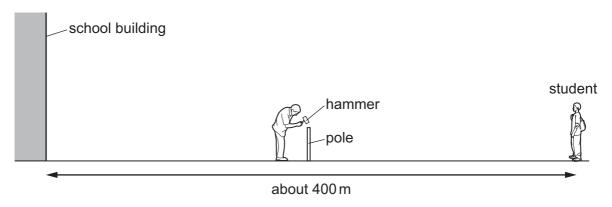


34 In the diagrams, F is one principal focus of the converging lens.

Which diagram shows the lens being used as a magnifying glass?



35 A sports field is next to a large school building. A student at the far side of the sports field sees a groundsman hit a pole with a hammer.

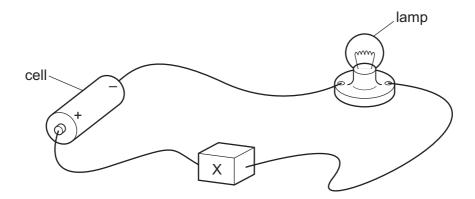


After the hammer hits the pole, the student hears two bangs.

Why does the student hear two bangs?

	first bang caused by	second bang caused by
Α	sound of hammer hitting pole	sound of pole hitting hammer
В	sound reaching the student's left ear	sound reaching the student's right ear
С	sound reaching student directly	sound reflected back from school building
D	sound reflected back from school building	sound reaching student directly

36 In the circuit, component X is used to control the brightness of the lamp.



What is component X?

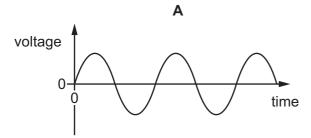
- A an ammeter
- B a fixed resistor
- C a fuse
- **D** a variable resistor

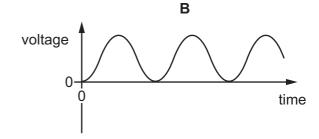
37 There is a current of 3.0 A in a resistor. The potential difference across the resistor is 3.0 V.

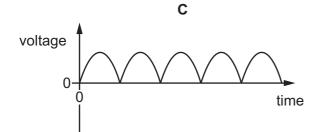
How much electrical energy is transferred to other forms in 3.0 minutes?

- **A** 3.0 J
- **B** 9.0 J
- **C** 540 J
- **D** 1620 J

38 Which graph shows how the output voltage of an a.c. generator varies with time?









39 A transformer increases the voltage from a power station in order to transfer electricity along the transmission cables.

How does increasing the voltage affect the current in the cables and how does it affect the efficiency of energy transfer?

	current	efficiency
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	increases
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	increases

40 There are three different isotopes of hydrogen.

 ${}_{1}^{1}H$ ${}_{1}^{2}H$ ${}_{1}^{3}H$

Which statement about the nuclei of these three isotopes is correct?

- **A** They have different numbers of electrons.
- **B** They have the same number of nucleons.
- **C** They have the same number of neutrons.
- **D** They have the same number of protons.

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The Periodic Table of Elements

	III/	2 He	lium 4	01	<u>e</u>	30 Son	8	>	gon 10	9,9	۶	pton 4	'¥	(e)	non 31	9,	'n	uop -			
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				6	Щ	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	Ā	bromine 80	53	П	iodine 127	85	Αŧ	astatine -			
				80	0	oxygen 16	16	S	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	Тe	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	polonium –	116	_	livermorium -
	Λ			7	Z	nitrogen 14	15	凸	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	Ξ	bismuth 209			
	<u>\</u>			9	ပ	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	50	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Fl	flerovium -
				5	В	boron 11	13	Αl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	I	indium 115	81	11	thallium 204			
										30	Zu	zinc 65	48	g	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	S	copernicium -
										29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Αn	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
Group										28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pq	palladium 106	78	귙	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
Gro										27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	格	rhodium 103	77	Ι	iridium 192	109	M	meitnerium -
		- I	hydrogen 1							26	Ьe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	SO	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium -
										25	Mn	manganese 55	43	٦ ک	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium —
					pol	ass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -
			Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	д	tantalum 181	105	В	dubnium -
					atc	rek				22	F	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Ξ	hafnium 178	104	꿆	rutherfordium —
										21	လွ	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57–71	lanthanoids		89-103	actinoids	
	=			4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium
	_			3	:=	lithium 7	7	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 39	37	В	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium 133	87	ᇁ	francium -

E0 81	2		60		6.9	73	Y Y	88	22	00	08		7.4
00 60		0	_	70	00	40	00	00	/0	00	60		-
Pr		<u>п</u>	Ш	Sm	Ш	Вg	Р	٥	웃	щ	Tn		P
cerium praseodymium neodymium pror	Ω.	pror	romethium -	samarium 150	europium 152	gadolinium 157	terbium 159	dysprosium 163	holmium 165	erbium 167	thulium 169	ytterbium 173	lutetium 175
91 92			93	94	92	96	26	86	66	100	101		103
Pa		_	d	Pu	Am	Cm	益	ŭ	Es	Fm	Md		۲
protactinium uranium	_	neptr	mniur	plutonium	americium	curium	berkelium	californium	einsteinium	ferminm	mendelevium		lawrencium
231 238			_	ı	I	I	I	I	ı	I	ı		I

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).